Physics Syllabus for 9th & 10th / O - Level

Chapter 1: Physical Quantities and Measurement

1.1: Introduction to Physics

- Introduction to Physics
- Branches of Physics
- More on Branches of Physics

1.2: Physical Quantities

- Physical Quantities
- Problem on Physical Quantities

1.3: International System of Units

- International Systems of Base Units
- Standard of length-metre
- Standard of Time-Second
- Standard of Mass-Kilogram

1.4: Prefixes

- Introduction to Prefixes
- Problem on Introduction to Prefixes

1.5: Scientific Notation

- Scientific Notation
- Problem on Scientific Notation

1.6: Measuring Instruments

- Measuring with Meter Rule and Measuring Tape
- Introduction to Vernier Calipers
- Measuring with Vernier Calipers
- problem on Measuring with Vernier Calipers
- Introduction to Screw Gauge
- Measuring with Screw Gauge
- Problem on Measuring with Screw Gauge
- Mass measuring by Physical Balance
- Mass measuring by Lever Balance
- Electronic Balance

- Measuring Time by Stopwatch
- Measuring Volume by Cylinder
- Measuring Volume of Irregular Shaped Solid
- Laboratory Safety

1.7: Significant Figures

- Introduction to Significant Figures
- Problem on Introduction to Significant Figures
- Rules to find the Significant Digits in a measurement
- Problem on Rules to Find the Significant Digits in a Measurement
- Zero as a significant figure
- Addition and Subtraction of Significant figures
- Multiplication and Division with Significant figures
- Problem on Multiplication and Division with Significant Figures
- Rounding Off the numbers
- Problem on Rounding Off the Numbers

Chapter 2: Kinematics

2.1: Rest and Motion

- Introduction to Mechanics
- Rest and Motion

2.2: Types of Motion

- Translatory Motion
- Rotatory Motion
- Vibratory Motion

2.3: Scalars and Vectors

- Scalars and Vectors
- Representation of vectors
- problem on Representation of Vectors

2.4: Terms Associated with Motion

- Position of an Object
- Difference between Distance and Displacement
- Introduction to velocity
- Problem on Introduction to Velocity
- Introduction to speed

- Problem on Introduction to Speed
- Difference between Speed and velocity
- Difference between Uniform Speed and Uniform Velocity
- Introduction to Acceleration
- Problem on Introduction to Acceleration

2.5: Graphical Analysis of Motion

- Graphical Analysis of Motion
- Problem 1 on Distance Time Graph
- Speed-time Graph
- Problem on Speed-Time Graph
- The Displacement-Time Graph

2.6: Equations of Motion

- First Equation of Motion
- Problem 1 on First Equation of Motion
- Second Equation of Motion
- Problem 1 on Second Equation of Motion
- Third Equation of Motion
- Problem on Third Equation of Motion

2.7: Motion of Freely Falling Bodies

- The motion of Freely Falling Bodies
- Problem on Motion of Freely Falling Bodies

Chapter 3: Dynamics

3.1: Force, Inertia and Momentum

- Introduction to Force
- Introduction to Inertia
- Introduction to Momentum
- Problem on Introduction to Momentum

3.2: Newton's Laws of Motion

- First Law of Newton
- Second Law of Newton
- Problem on the Second Law of Newton
- Difference Between Mass and Weight

- Third Law of Newton
- Tension and Acceleration for Vertical Motion of Two Bodies
- Problem on Tension and Acceleration for Vertical Motion of Two Bodies
- Tension and Acceleration for Horizontal and Vertical Motion
- Problem on Tension and Acceleration for Horizontal and Vertical Motion
- Relation Between Force and Momentum
- Problem on Relation Between Force and Momentum
- Law of Conservation of Momentum

3.3: Friction

- Introduction to Friction
- Problem on Introduction to Friction
- Rolling Friction
- Breaking and Skidding
- Advantages and Disadvantages of Friction
- Method of Reducing Friction

3.4: Uniform Circular Motion

- Uniform Circular Motion
- Centripetal and Centrifugal Force
- Derivation of Formula for Centripetal Force and Centrifugal Force
- Problem on Derivation of Formula for Centripetal Force and Centrifuga
- Applications of Centripetal Force
- More on Applications of Centripetal Force

Chapter 4: Turning Effect of Forces

4.1: Like and Unlike Parallel Forces

• Like and Unlike Parallel Forces

4.2: Addition of Forces

• Addition of Forces

4.3: Resolution of Forces

- Resolution of Forces
- Problem on Resolution of Forces
- Determination of a Force from its Perpendicular Components

4.4: Torque or Moment of a Force

- Axis of Rotation
- Introduction to Torque or Moment of a Force

4.5: Principle of Moments

- Principle of Moment
- Problem on Principle of Moments

4.6: Centre of Mass

• Center of Mass

4.7: Centre of Gravity

- Center of Gravity
- Center of Gravity of Irregular Shape

4.8: Couple

• Introduction to Couple

4.9: Equilibrium

- Introduction to Equilibrium
- Equilibrium of Bodies Under the Action of Coplanar Forces
- Conditions for Equilibrium
- States of Equilibrium

4.10: Stability and Position of Centre of Mass

• Stability and Position of Center of Mass

Chapter 5: Gravitation

5.1: The Force of Gravitation

- Law of Gravitation
- Law of Gravitation and Newton Third Law of Motion
- Problem on Law of Gravitation and Newton Third Law of Motion
- Gravitational Field

5.2: Mass of the Earth

• Mass of the Earth

5.3: Variation of g with Altitude

• Variation of g with Altitudes

• Problem on Variation of g with Altitudes

5.4: Artificial Satellites

- Artificial Satellites
- The motion of Artificial Satellite
- problem on Motion of Artificial Satellite

Chapter 6: Work and Energy

6.1: Work

- Introduction to Work
- More on Introduction to Work
- Problem on Introduction to Work

6.2: Energy

• Introduction to Energy

6.3: Kinetic Energy

- Problem on Law of Conservation of Energy
- Problem on Kinetic Energy

6.4: Potential Energy

- Potential Energy
- Problem on Potential Energy

6.5: Forms of Energy

• Forms of Energy

6.6: Interconversion of Energy

- Interconversion of Energy
- Problem on the interconversion of K.E and P.E

6.7: Major Sources of Energy

- Energy from Non-Renewable Sources
- Energy from Renewable Sources
- More on Energy from Renewable Sources
- Mass Energy Equation
- Electricity from Fossil Fuels

- Energy and Environment
- Flow-Diagram of Energy Converter

6.8: Efficiency

• Introduction to Efficiency

6.9: Power

- Introduction to Power
- Problem on Introduction to Power

Chapter 7: Properties of Matter

7.1: Kinetic Molecular Model of Matter

- Kinetic Molecular Model of Matter
- Plasma-the Fourth State of Matter

7.2: Density

- Introduction to Density
- Problem on Introduction to Density
- Problem 2 on Introduction to Density
- Problem 3 on Introduction to Density

7.3: Pressure

- Introduction to Pressure
- Problem on Introduction to Pressure

7.4: Atmospheric Pressure

- Atmospheric Pressure
- Measuring Atmospheric Pressure
- Variation in Atmospheric Pressure

7.5: Pressure in Liquids

- Pressure in Liquids
- Problem on Pressure in Liquids
- Pascal's Law
- Hydraulic Press
- Problem on Hydraulic Press
- Braking System in Vehicles

7.6: Archimedes Principle

- Archimedes Principle
- Problem on Archimedes Principle
- The density of an Object by Archimedes Principle
- Problem on Density of an Object by Archimedes Principle

7.7: Principle of Floatation

- Principle of Floatation
- Problem on Principle of Floatation
- Applications of Archimedes Principle

7.8: Elasticity

• Elasticity

7.9: Hooke's Law

- Hooks Law
- Problem on Hook's Law
- Youngs Modulus
- Problem on Youngs Modulus
- Problem 2 on Youngs Modulus

Chapter 8: Thermal Properties of Matter

8.1: Temperature and Heat

• Temperature and Heat

8.2: Thermometer

- Introduction to Thermometer
- Why Mercury is Used in Glass Thermometer.
- Why Alcohol is Used in Glass Thermometer.
- Conversion of Temperature Among Different Scale

8.3: Specific Heat Capacity

- Specific Heat Capacity
- Problem on Specific Heat Capacity
- Problem 2 on Specific Heat Capacity
- Importance of Large specific Heat Capacity of Water
- Heat Capacity

8.4: Change of State

• Change of State

8.5: Latent Heat of Fusion

- Introduction to Latent Heat of Fusion
- Problem on Introduction to Latent Heat of Fusion
- Latent Heat of Fusion of Ice by an Experiment

8.6: Latent Heat of Vaporization

- Introduction to Latent Heat of Vaporization
- Problem on Introduction to Latent Heat of Vaporization
- Latent Heat of Vaporization of Water by an Experiment

8.7: The Evaporation

- Introduction to Evaporation
- More on Introduction to Evaporation

8.8: Thermal Expansion

- Linear Thermal Expansion in Solids
- Problem on Linear Thermal Expansion in Solids
- Volume Thermal Expansion in Solids
- Problem on Volume Thermal Expansion in Solids
- Consequences of Thermal Expansion
- Application of Thermal Expansion
- Thermal Expansion of Liquids

Chapter 9: Transfer of Heat

9.1: Transfer of Heat

• Transfer of Heat

9.2: Conduction

- Conduction
- Thermal Conductivity
- Problem on Thermal Conductivity
- Use of Conductors and Non-Conductors

9.3: Convection

• Convection

• Application of Convection

9.4: Radiation

- Introduction to Radiations
- Emission and Absorption of Radiations
- Green House Effect

9.5: Application and Consequences of Radiation

• Application and Consequences of Radiation

Chapter 10: Simple Harmonic Motion and Waves

10.1: Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM)

- Introduction to Simple Harmonic Motion
- Problem 1-Working of Simple Harmonic Motion
- Problem 1-Mass Attached to Spring
- Working of Simple Harmonic Motion
- Basic terms in SHM
- Problem 1-Basic Terms in SHM
- Derivation of Wave Equation
- Problem 1-Derivation of Wave Equation
- Energies Interconversion in the spring-mass system
- Problem-Energies Interconversion in Spring-Mass System
- Ball and Bowl as SHM
- Problem-Ball and Bowl as SHM
- Introduction to simple Pendulum
- Problem-Introduction to Simple Pendulum
- Working of a simple pendulum
- Problem-Working of Simple Pendulum

10.2: Damped Oscillations

10.3: Wave Motion

- Introduction to Wave Motion
- Characteristics of Wave
- Problem 2-Characteristics of Wave
- Mechanical and Electromagnetic Waves

10.4: Types of Mechanical Waves

- Introduction to Transverse and longitudinal waves
- Problem 1-Introduction to Transverse and Longitudinal waves
- Waves as Carriers of Energy

10.5: Ripple Tank

- Introducing Ripple Tank
- Reflection in Water by Ripple Tank
- Problem 1-Introduction to Reflection
- Refraction in Water by Ripple Tank
- Problem 1-Introduction to Refraction
- Diffraction in Water by Ripple Tank
- Interference in Water by Ripple Tank

Chapter 11: Sound

11.1: Sound Waves

- How Sound is Produced and Travel
- More on How Sound is Produced and Travel
- Problem 1-More on How Sound is Produced and Travel

11.2: Characteristics of Sound

- Loudness of Sound
- Quality of Sound
- Pitch of Sound
- Problem 1- Pitch of Sound
- Sound Intensity and Sound Level
- More on Sound Intensity and Sound Level
- Problem 1- Sound Intensity and Sound Level
- How Amplitude is Related With Loudness1
- How Frequency is Related with Pitch1

11.3: Reflection (ECHO) of Sound

- Reflection of Sound (Echoes)
- Problem1-Reflection of Sound (Echoes)
- Problem2-Reflection of Sound (Echoes)
- Problem 1-Measuring Speed of Sound by Echo Method

11.4: Speed of Sound

• Measuring Speed of Sound

- More on Measuring Speed of Sound
- Measuring speed of Sound by Echoe Method
- Problem 1-Measuring The Speed of Sound

11.5: Noise Pollution

- Noise Pollution
- Acoustics Protection

11.6: Audible Frequency Range

• Audible Frequency Range

11.7: Ultrasound

- Ultrasounds and its Applications
- Problem 1-Ultrasound and Its Applications
- Problem 2-Ultrasound and its Applications

Chapter 12: Geometrical Optics

12.1: Reflection of Light

- Reflection of Light
- Regular and Irregular Reflection of Light
- Problem 1-Reflection of light by spherical mirrors

12.2: Spherical Mirrors

- Concave and Convex Mirror
- Problem 1-Concave Mirrors
- Problem 2-Convex Mirrors
- Mirror Terminologies
- Problem-Mirror Terminologies
- Images Formed by Plane Mirror
- Problem 1-Images Formed by Plane Mirror

12.3: Image Location by Spherical Mirror Form

- Images by Spherical Mirrors
- Spherical Mirror Formula
- More on Spherical Mirror Formula
- Sign Convention Linear Magnification

12.4: Refraction of Light

• Refraction of Light

- Laws of Refraction
- Problem 1-Laws of Refraction
- Refraction of Light in Water
- Speed of Light in Medium
- Problem 1-Speed of Light in Medium
- Introducing Refractive Index
- Problem 1-Introducing Refractive Index
- Apparent and Real Depth

12.5: Total Internal Reflection

12.6: Refraction Through Prism

- Refraction of Light Through Prism
- Relationship b/w Refractive Index and Critical Angle
- Problem 1-Relationship b/w Refractive Index and Critical Angle

12.7: Lenses

- Types of Lenses
- Convergence and Divergence of Lenses
- Lens Terminologies
- Image Formed by Convex Lens
- Problem 1-Image Formed by Convex Lens
- Image Formation by Concave Lens
- Power of a Lens

12.8: Image Formation By Lenses

• Image Formation in Convex Lenses

12.9: Image Location by Lens Equation

- Image Location by Lens Formula
- Problem 1-Image Location by Lens Formula
- Linear Magnification of Lenses
- Sign Conventions for Lenses

12.10: Applications of Lenses

- Introducing Camera
- Slide Projector
- Photograph Enlarger
- Totally Reflecting Prism
- Optical Fiber

12.11: Simple Microscope

- Simple Microscope
- More on Simple Microscope
- Resolving Power and Resolving Limit

12.12: Compound Microscope

• Introduction to Compound Microscope

12.13: Telescope

• Astronomical Telescope

12.14: The Human Eye

12.15: Defects of Vision

- Shortsightedness
- Farsightedness

Chapter 13: Electrostatics

13.1: Production of Electric Charges

- Introduction to Electrostatics
- Production of Electric Charges
- More on Production of Electric Charges
- Problem-Measurement of Electric Charge

13.2: Electrostatic Induction

13.3: Electroscope

- Introduction to Electroscope
- Applications of Electroscope
- Conductors and Insulators

13.4: Coulomb's Law

13.5: Electric Field and Electric Field Inten

- Electric Field and Electric Field Intensity
- Problem-Electric Field and Electric Field Intensity
- Introduction to Electric Field Lines

13.6: Electrostatic Potential

13.7: Capacitors and Capacitance

- Capacitor and Capacitance
- Capacitors in Parallel Combination
- Capacitors in Series Combination

13.8: Different Types of Capacitors

- Different Types of Capacitors
- Uses of Capacitors

13.9: Applications of Electrostatics

• Application of Electrostatics

13.10: Some Hazards of Static Electricity

• Hazards of Static Electricity

Chapter 14: Current Electricity

14.1: Electric Current

- Introduction to Electric Current
- More on Introduction to Electric Current
- Problem-Introduction to Electric Current
- Conventional Current
- Measurement of Current

14.2: Potential Difference

- Potential Difference
- Problem-Potential Difference

14.3: Electromotive Force (e.m.f)

- Electromotive Force
- Measurement of Potential Difference
- Problem 1-Measurement of Potential Difference
- Problem- Potential Divider
- The Measurement of e.m.f
- Problem-Electromotive Force
- Problem- Measurement of e.m.f

14.4: OHM'S Law

14.5: Characteristics of Ohmic and Non-Ohmic

14.6: Factors Affecting Resistance

14.7: Conductors

- Conductors and Insulators
- •

14.8: Insulators

• Conductors and Insulators

14.9: Combination of Resistors

- Series combination of Resistors
- Parallel Combination to Resistors

14.10: Electrical Energy and Joule's Law

14.11: Electric Power

- Electric Power
- Kilowatt Hour

14.12: Direct Current and Alternating Current

- Direct Current
- Alternating Current
- House Wiring

14.13: Hazards of Electricity

• Insulation Damage and Damp Conditions

14.14: Safe Use of Electricity in Homes

- Introduction to Fuse
- Introduction to Circuit Breaker
- Introduction to Earth Wire

Chapter 15: Electromagnetism

15.1: Magnetic Effects of a Steady Current

- Introduction to Electromagnetism
- Magnetic Effects of Steady Current
- Magnetic Field of a Solenoid

15.2: Force on a Current-Carrying Conductor P

- Force on a Current-Carrying Conductor Place in a Magnetic Field
- Flemings Left Hand Rule

15.3: Turning Effect on a Current-Carrying Co

• Turning Effects on a Current-Carrying Coil in a Magnetic Field

15.4: D.C Motor

15.5: Electromagnetic Induction

- Introduction to Electromagnetic Induction
- Measuring Electromagnetic Induction
- Factors Affecting Induced EMF

15.6: Direction of Induced e-m-f-Lenz's Law

• Lenz's Law

15.7: A.C. Generator

15.8: Mutual Induction

15.9: Transformer

15.10: High Voltage Transmission

- High Voltage Transmission
- Applications of Electromagnet

Chapter 16: Basic Electronics

16.1: Thermionic Emission

- Introduction to Electronics
- Thermionic Emission

16.2: Investigating the Properties of Electrons

• Properties of Electrons

16.3: Cathode-Ray Oscilloscope (C.R.O)

- Cathode Ray Oscilloscope
- Problem- Using the C.R.O

16.4: Analogue and Digital Electronics

16.5: Basic Operations of Digital Electronics

Chapter 17: Information and Communication Techn

17.1: Information and Communication Technology

17.2: Components of Computer-Based Information

17.3: Flow of Information

17.4: Transmission of Electric Signal Through Waves

17.5: Transmissions of Radiowaves Through Space

- Transmission of Radio waves Through Space
- Radio
- Introduction to Fax Machine
- Introduction to Cell Phone
- Photo Phone

17.6: Transmission of Light Signals Through Optical Fibers

- Transmission of Light Signals Through Optical Fibers
- Introduction to Computer
- More on Introduction to Computer

Chapter 18: Atomic and Nuclear Physics

18.1: Atom and Atomic Nucleus

- Introduction to Atom
- Atom and Atomic Nucleus
- Problem-Atom and Atomic Nucleus

18.2: Natural Radioactivity

18.3: Background Radiations

18.4: Nuclear Transmutations

- Nuclear Transmutations
- Nature and Properties of Radiations

18.5: Half-Life and its Measurement

• Half-Life and its Measurements

18.6: Radioisotopes and Their Uses

- Radio Isotopes
- Uses of Radio Isotopes

18.7: Fission Reaction

- Fission Reaction
- More on Fission Reaction

18.8: Nuclear Fusion